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DRUGS A-Z V

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APPS

Availability

Prescription only

**CSA Schedule** 

Not a controlled drug Approval History

Drug history at FDA

Pregnancy Category

DRUG STATUS

Rx

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N/A

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**Drug Class** 

Loop diuretics

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Lasix. spironolactone

triamterene bumetanide

torsemide, More..

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Overview

**Side Effects** 

Dosage Interactions **Patient Tips** 

Professional

#### What is furosemide?

Furosemide is a loop diuretic (water pill) that prevents your body d from absorbing too much salt. This allows the salt to instead be passed in your urine.

Furosemide is used to treat of fluid retention (edema) in people with congestive heart failure, liver disease, or a kidney disorder such as nephrotic syndrome.

Furosemide is also used to treat high blood pressure (hypertension).

# Important information

You should not use furosemide if you are unable to urinate.

Do not take more than your recommended dose. High doses of furosemide may cause irreversible hearing

Before using furosemide, tell your doctor if you have kidney disease, enlarged prostate, urination problems, cirrhosis or other liver disease, an electrolyte imbalance, high cholesterol, gout, lupus, diabetes, or an allergy to sulfa drugs.

Tell your doctor if you have recently had an MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) or any type of scan using a radioactive dye that is injected into your veins. Do not take more of this medication than is recommended.

If you are being treated for high blood pressure, keep using this medication even if you feel fine. High blood pressure often has no symptoms.

#### Before taking this medicine

You should not use furosemide if you are allergic to it, or:

· if you are unable to urinate.

To make sure furosemide is safe for you, tell your doctor if you have:

- · kidnev disease:
- · enlarged prostate, bladder obstruction or other urination problems;
- · cirrhosiss or other liver disease:
- · an electrolyte imbalance (such as low levels of potassium or magnesium in your blood);
- · high cholesterol or triglycerides (a type of fat in the blood);
- · gout
- lupus:
- · diabetes; or
- · sulfa drug allergy.

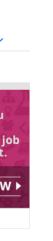
Tell your doctor if you have an MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) or any type of scan using a radioactive dye that is injected into your veins. Both contrast dyes and furosemide can harm your kidneys

It is not known whether this medicine will harm an unborn baby. Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant while using furosemide.



CLEROSIS

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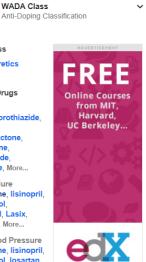


**Heart Failure** amlodipine, lisinopril, metoprolol. carvedilol, Lasix, diltiazem, More..

High Blood Pressure amlodipine, lisinopril metoprolol, losartan. hydrochlorothiazide atenolol, More...

Ascites Lasix, triamterene, bumetanide. torsemide, Bumex, Demadex, More..

6 more conditions...

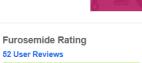


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Furosemide can pass into breast milk and may harm a nursing baby. This medicine may also slow breast milk production. Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding a baby.



#### How should I take furosemide?

Take furosemide exactly as prescribed by your doctor. Follow all directions on your prescription label. Your doctor may occasionally change your dose to make sure you get the best results. Do not use this medicine in larger or smaller amounts or for longer than recommended.

Do not take more than your recommended dose. **High doses of furosemide may cause irreversible hearing loss.** 

Measure liquid medicine with the dosing syringe provided, or with a special dose-measuring spoon or medicine cup. If you do not have a dose-measuring device, ask your pharmacist for one.

Furosemide will make you urinate more often and you may get dehydrated easily. Follow your doctor's instructions about using potassium supplements or getting enough salt and potassium in your diet.

While using this medicine, you may need frequent blood tests.

**Keep using this medicine as directed, even if you feel well.** High blood pressure often has no symptoms. You may need to use blood pressure medicine for the rest of your life.

If you need surgery, tell the surgeon ahead of time that you are using this medicine.

Store at room temperature away from moisture, heat, and light. Throw away any furosemide oral solution (liquid) 90 days after opening the bottle, even if it still contains unused medicine.

See also: Dosage Information (in more detail)

#### What happens if I miss a dose?

Furosemide is sometimes used only once, so you may not be on a dosing schedule. If you are using the medication regularly, take the missed dose as soon as you remember. Skip the missed dose if it is almost time for your next scheduled dose. Do not take extra medicine to make up the missed dose.

## What happens if I overdose?

Seek emergency medical attention or call the Poison Help line at 1-800-222-1222.

Overdose symptoms may include feeling very thirsty or hot, heavy sweating, hot and dry skin, extreme weakness, or fainting.

## What should I avoid while taking furosemide?

If you also take sucralfate, take it at least 2 hours before or after you take furosemide.

Avoid getting up too fast from a sitting or lying position, or you may feel dizzy. Get up slowly and steady yourself to prevent a fall.

Avoid becoming dehydrated. Follow your doctor's instructions about the type and amount of liquids you should drink while you are taking furosemide.

Drinking alcohol with this medicine can cause side effects



#### What are the possible side effects of furosemide

Get emergency medical help if you have **signs of an allergic reaction to furosemide:** hives; difficulty breathing; swelling of your face, lips, tongue, or throat.

Call your doctor at once if you have:

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- · ringing in your ears, hearing loss;
- · confusion, drowsiness, problems with memory or speech;
- jaundice (dark urine, yellowing of the skin or eyes);
- · severe pain in your upper stomach spreading to your back;
- · nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, sweet or musty breath odor;
- · pale skin, easy bruising or bleeding;
- · sudden weakness or ill feeling, fever, chills, sore throat;
- signs of an electrolyte imbalance dry mouth, increased thirst, mood changes, muscle pain or weakness, lack of energy, fast heartbeats, little or no urination;
- kidney problems little or no urination, painful or difficult urination, swelling in your feet or ankles, feeling tired or short of breath; or
- severe skin reaction fever, sore throat, swelling in your face or tongue, burning in your eyes, skin pain followed by a red or purple skin rash that spreads (especially in the face or upper body) and causes blistering and peeling.

Common furosemide side effects may include:

- · numbness or tingling:
- · headache, dizziness; or
- · blurred vision.

This is not a complete list of side effects and others may occur. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

See also: Side effects (in more detail)

## What other drugs will affect furosemide?

Taking this medicine with alcohol or with other drugs that make you sleepy can worsen this effect. Ask your doctor before taking furosemide with a sleeping pill, narcotic pain medicine, muscle relaxer, or medicine for anxiety, depression, or seizures.

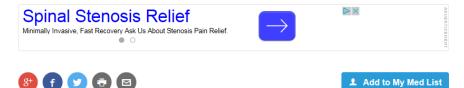
Furosemide can harm your kidneys. This effect is increased when you also use certain other medicines, including: antivirals, chemotherapy, injected antibiotics, medicine for bowel disorders, medicine to prevent organ transplant rejection, injectable osteoporosis medication, and some pain or arthritis medicines (including aspirin, Tylenol, Advil, and Aleve).

Tell your doctor about all your current medicines and any you start or stop using, especially:

- · chloral hydrate;
- · digoxin, digitalis;
- lithium:
- phenytoin; or
- · heart or blood pressure medicine

This list is not complete. Other drugs may interact with furosemide, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal products. Not all possible interactions are listed in this medication guide.

Next → Side Effects



### More about furosemide

- Side Effects
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- Furosemide
- · Furosemide solution
- Furosemide tablets
- · Furosemide (Advanced Reading)
- · Furosemide Injection (Advanced Reading)
- · Other brands: Lasix

## Professional resources

- · Furosemide (AHFS Monograph)
- More (6) »

#### Related treatment guides

- Edema
- Pulmonary Edema
- Heart Failure
- Ascites
- · High Blood Pressure
- More (5) »

#### Where can I get more information?

· Your pharmacist can provide more information

Remember, keep this and all other medicines out of the reach of children, never share your medicines with others, and use this medicine only for the indication prescribed.

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