

Program Operations Manual System (POMS)

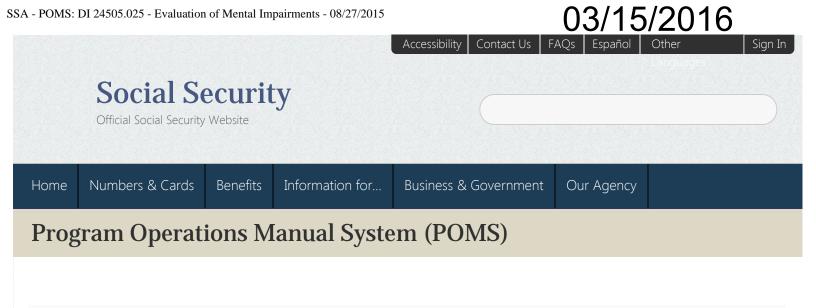
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BASIC (10-01)

DI 24505.025 Evaluation of Mental Impairments

Citations:

Regulations No. 4, sections 404.1520a; and Regulations No. 16, sections 416.920a

A. Policy - general

The steps outlined in DI 22001.000 apply to the evaluation of physical and mental impairments. In addition, when evaluating the severity of mental impairments for adults (persons age 18 and over) and in persons under age 18 when Part A of the Listing of Impairments is used, follow a special technique, described in DI 24505.025B through DI 24505.025D. Using the technique helps:

- Identify the need for additional evidence to determine impairment severity;
- Consider and evaluate functional consequences of the mental disorder(s) relevant to the ability to work; and
- Organize and present findings in a clear, concise, and consistent manner.

B. Policy - use of the technique

1. First, evaluate the pertinent symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings to determine whether the claimant has a medically determinable mental impairment(s). See DI 22511.003 for further information about what is needed to show a medically determinable mental impairment(s). Consider and discuss alleged symptom-related limitations attributable to a medically determinable mental impairment in accordance

with DI 24505.003 and DI 24515.062. Document the symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings that substantiate the presence of the impairment(s). See DI 24505.025E.

Then, rate the degree of functional limitation resulting from the impairment(s) in accordance with DI 24505.025C and record the findings as set out in DI 24505.025E, including considerations of the claimant's alleged symptom-related limitations in accordance with DI 24505.003.

C. Policy - rating the degree of functional limitation

- Assessment of functional limitations is a complex and highly individualized process that requires consideration of multiple issues and all relevant evidence to obtain a longitudinal picture of the claimant's overall degree of functional limitation. Consider all relevant and available clinical signs and laboratory findings, the effects of symptoms, and how functioning may be affected by factors including, but not limited to, chronic mental disorders, structured settings, medication, and other treatment.
- 2. Rate the degree of functional limitation based on the extent to which the impairment(s) interferes with the claimant's ability to function independently, appropriately, effectively, and on a sustained basis. Thus, consider such factors as the quality and level of overall functional performance, any episodic limitations, the amount of supervision or assistance required, and the settings in which the claimant is able to function. See DI 34001.032 (12.00C through H of the Listing of Impairments) for more information about the factors to consider when rating the degree of functional limitation.
- Rate the degree of functional limitation in four broad functional areas: Activities of daily living; social functioning; concentration, persistence, or pace; and episodes of decompensation. See DI 34001.032 (12.00C of the Listing of Impairments).
- 4. When rating the degree of limitation in the first three functional areas (activities of daily living; social functioning; and concentration, persistence, or pace), use the following five-point scale: None, mild, moderate, marked, and extreme. When rating the degree of limitation in the fourth functional area (episodes of decompensation), use the following four-point scale: None, one or two, three, four or more. The last point on each scale represents a degree of limitation that is incompatible with the ability to do any gainful activity.

D. Policy - use of the technique to evaluate mental impairments

After rating the degree of functional limitation resulting from the impairment(s), determine the severity of the mental impairment(s).

1. If the degree of limitation in the first three functional areas is "none" or "mild" and "none" in the fourth area, we generally conclude that the impairment(s) is not severe, unless the evidence otherwise indicates that there is more than a minimal limitation in the ability to do basic work activities.

2. If the mental impairment is severe, then determine if it meets or is equivalent in severity to a listed mental disorder. Do this by comparing the diagnostic medical findings about the impairment(s) and the rating of the degree of functional limitation to the criteria of the appropriate listed mental disorder. Record the presence or absence of the criteria and the rating of the degree of functional limitation on a standard document. See DI 24505.025 E.

If the claimant has a severe mental impairment(s) that neither meets nor is equivalent in severity to any listing, then assess residual functional capacity.

E. Policy - documenting application of the technique

Complete a standard document to record application of the technique. Except in cases in which a disability hearing officer makes the reconsideration determination (see DI 12026.000), the medical or psychological consultant has overall responsibility for assessing medical severity. The disability examiner, a member of the adjudicative team, may assist in preparing the standard document. However, the medical or psychological consultant must review and sign the document to attest that it is complete and that he or she is responsible for its content, including the findings of fact and any discussion of supporting evidence.

F. Procedure - use of the Psychiatric Review Technique Form (PRTF) - SSA-2506-BK

1. The Psychiatric Review Technique Form

The "standard document" used to document application of this Psychiatric Review Technique is the Psychiatric Review Technique Form (PRTF), SSA-2506-BK.

2. Before completing the PRTF

Using the PRTF appropriately requires a thorough knowledge of the preface to the mental disorders listings, 12.00A to 12.00I, and the listings themselves, 12.02 to 12.10, (see DI 34001.032), as well as knowledge of related program policies, such as the methods for equaling listings (see DI 24505.015).

3. Completing the PRTF at the initial and reconsideration levels

Either the disability examiner (DE) or the medical or psychological consultant (MC or PC) may complete the PRTF at the initial and reconsideration levels. However, the MC or PC has overall responsibility for assessing medical severity and for the content of the form.

4. Signing the PRTF

The MC or PC must sign the form to attest that it is complete and that he or she is responsible for its content,

including the findings of fact and any discussion of supporting evidence. For determinations that are less than fully favorable, the MC or PC must be a psychiatrist or psychologist.

If the signed PRTF reflects that the MCs or PCs findings complete the medical portion of the determination, the MC or PC is not required to sign the Disability Determination and Transmittal form (SSA-831-C3/U3, SSA-832-C3/U3, or SSA-833-C3/U3). See DI 26510.090C for procedures.

G. Description of the PRTF

The PRTF consists of a heading and four sections: Section I - Medical Summary; Section II - Documentation Of Factors That Evidence The Disorder; Section III - Rating Of Functional Limitations; Section IV - Consultant's Notes. Adjudicators use these sections to record information that is necessary to evaluate the mental impairment(s). Adjudicators may record any other information or remarks in any section of the PRTF that assist in evaluating the mental impairment(s) or in explaining the disposition of the case. The information or explanation within the PRTF should support the medical summary in section I.

H. Procedure - how to complete the PRTF

1. Heading

Record the claimant's name and Social Security Number (SSN) in this section. When the claim is filed under an SSN that is different from the claimant's SSN, use the space labeled "NH" (number holder) to record the name and SSN under which the claim is filed.

2. Section I - medical summary

This section presents the PRTF findings based on a review of the medical evidence. FILL OUT THIS SECTION ONLY AFTER COMPLETING SECTIONS II THROUGH IV.

a. Section IA - assessment period

Record the time period the assessment covers. For example, the assessment may cover a time period 12 months after the alleged onset or the assessment may be from the date of a traumatic brain injury to the present. Consider all administrative and medical issues that may apply, such as date last insured or a closed period of disability.

b. Section IB - medical disposition(s).

- Disposition 1) No medically Determinable Impairment
 - Check this block when the medical evidence does not establish the presence of a medically determinable mental impairment(s).
- Disposition 2) Impairment(s) Not Severe

• Check this block when the medical evidence establishes the presence of a medically determinable mental impairment(s), but the impairment(s) does not significantly limit the individual's ability to do basic work activities.

• Disposition 3) Impairment(s) Severe But Not Expected to Last 12 Months

• Check this block when the medical evidence establishes the presence of a medically determinable severe mental impairment(s) that is not expected (or did not) last for a period of 12 continuous months or result in death.

• Disposition 4) Meets Listing

• Check this block when the medical evidence establishes the presence of a medically determinable severe mental impairment(s) that satisfies the diagnostic description in the introductory paragraph and the criteria of the listing category(ies) 12.02 through 12.10. In the space provided, record the listing and subsections that are met; for example, 12.04A.1 and B.2,4.

• Disposition 5) Equals Listing

• Check this block when the symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings that establish the presence of the medically determinable mental impairment(s) are at least equal in significance to the criteria in the listing category(ies) 12.02 through 12.10. In the space provided, record the listing and subsections that are equaled.

• Disposition 6) RFC Assessment Necessary

• Check this block when the medically determinable mental impairment(s) does not meet or equal one of the listing categories 12.02 through 12.10, but is, nonetheless, severe; that is, the impairment(s) significantly limits the individual's ability to do basic work activities.

Disposition 7) Coexisting Nonmental Impairment)s) that Requires Referral to Another Medical Specialty

 Check this block when there is a coexisting nonmental impairment(s) that must be referred to another medical specialty because the adjudicative team cannot make the assessment. For example, the coexisting impairment may be a musculoskeletal impairment that should be reviewed by an orthopedist. Make these referrals following internal office procedures.

• Disposition 8) Insufficient Evidence

• Check this block when the evidence in the case file is insufficient to make a disposition under 1 through 7. If additional evidence comes in before the final case disposition, prepare a new PRTF and discard the previously completed PRTF.

c. Section IC - category(ies) upon which the medical disposition(s) is based

In this section, check the appropriate listing category(ies) (12.02 through 12.10) when the documented symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings (including psychological test findings) establish the presence of the

disorder. Checking a listing category is merely an indication that the findings are present in that category, and not an indication of the severity of the disorder.

Symptoms and signs generally cluster together to constitute a single recognizable mental disorder. However, if two or more mental disorders are definitely clinically present, check two or more listing categories.

d. Signature blocks

In the space provided at the bottom of page one of the PRTF, the MC or PC must sign, date, and record his or her specialty code after completing all appropriate parts of sections I through IV.

If the MC or PC chooses to sign only the PRTF and not the SSA-831-C3/U3, SSA-832-C3/U3, or SSA-833-C3/U3, check the block immediately above the signature blocks stating that the PRTF completes the medical portion of the determination. (See DI 26510.089 for the relationship between signature requirements on the PRTF and the SSA-831-C3/U3, SSA-832-C3/U3, or SSA-833-C3/U3.)

3. Section II - documentation of factors that evidence the disorder

Section II has nine subsections A through I, which reflect the nine diagnostic categories of the mental disorders in listings 12.02 through 12.10. COMPLETE ONLY THOSE SUBSECTIONS THAT ADDRESS AN ALLEGED OR DOCUMENTED IMPAIRMENT.

The first check block in each subsection corresponds to a brief diagnostic description of the listed disorder(s). The paragraph "A" criteria of that listing, the symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings that establish the presence of the listed disorder(s) follow. Check the appropriate blocks to show both the disorder and the paragraph "A" criteria that are documented by the evidence. Do not consider the "A" criteria in isolation from the diagnostic description of the disorder. Checking paragraph "A" criteria does not necessarily mean that the listing is met, equaled, or that the impairment is severe. It simply means that the checked criteria are present.

- If a diagnosis presented in the case record is not supported by the symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings, or the findings support a diagnosis other than the one presented in the case record, clarify the diagnosis with the medical source that provided the diagnosis. Provide an explanation in section IV (Consultant's Notes) when the impairment you record on the PRTF is different from the diagnosis presented by the medical source.
- Use the check block and space positioned below the numbered diagnostic criteria in each subsection to identify any medically determinable mental impairment that is present, but does not precisely satisfy the paragraph "A" criteria of the listing. Also use this block when the evidence documents the presence of an unlisted disorder that should be assessed in the subsection. For example, if the evidence establishes the presence of dysthymia, evaluate it in subsection C (12.04 Affective Disorders). Record the pertinent symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings that establish the presence of the unlisted disorder.
- If the file suggests the presence of a listed disorder, but the evidence is insufficient to establish the presence of the disorder, check the last block in the corresponding subsection. For example, if the claimant alleges an impairment such as depression or the treating source gives a diagnosis of depression but the evidence does not document the presence of the disorder, check the last block. If this occurs, explain the inadequacies and indicate what additional evidence is needed in section IV (Consultant's Notes).

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In addition:

IF:	THEN:
You check any of the listing categories 12.02, 12.03, 12.04, 12.06, 12.07, 12.08, or 12.10	Complete section III (Rating of Functional Limitations).
You check listing category 12.05, item 1 (12.05A) or item 2 (12.05B)	The listing is satisfied. Do not complete section III.
You check listing category 12.05, item 3 (12.05C) and the additional impairment is a mental impairment	Complete section III to show whether the additional mental impairment results in more than a minimal limitation in the ability to do basic work activities.
You check listing category 12.05, item 3 (12.05C) and the additional impairment is a physical impairment	Identify the physical impairment in section IV (Consultant's Notes) and explain whether the physical impairment results in more than a minimal limitation in the ability to do basic work activities.
You check listing category 12.05, item 4 (12.05D)	Complete section III to show whether 2 functional areas are limited at a marked level or 1 functional area is limited at an extreme level.
You check listing category 12.09, items 1, 2, 3, or 4 (12.09A - D)	Complete section III. In addition, check, in the corresponding subsection (IIA, IIC, IIE, or IIG), the numbered items that document those symptoms, signs, and laboratory findings that are present as a result of regular use of addictive substances. Do not check the first block in the corresponding subsection (IIA, IIC, IIE, IIG) unless the evidence establishes the presence of the mental disorder separate from the substance addiction disorder.
You check listing category 12.09, items 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 (12.09E - I)	Do not complete section III. Evaluate under the appropriate physical listings. If referral to another medical specialty is needed, check item B7 in section I (Medical Summary).

4. Section III - rating of functional limitations

a. Section IIIA - "B" criteria of listings

Use this section to rate the degree of functional limitations imposed by the medically determinable impairment(s) identified in section II. In the space provided at the top of page 11, specify the listing(s) under which you are rating the functional limitations. Use items 1 through 4 on page 11 to rate the degree of limitation. When rating listing 12.05C, if the additional impairment is a mental impairment, record 12.05C in the space

provided and identify the additional mental disorder by name rather than by the listing number. Use items 1 through 4 on page 11 to rate the degree of limitation resulting from the additional mental impairment. Rate the degree the impairment interferes with the ability to function independently, appropriately, effectively, and on a sustained basis in four broad areas of functioning. These four broad areas of functioning (items 1 through 4 on page 11) are the "B" criteria of the listings: Activities of daily living; social functioning; concentration, persistence, or pace; and episodes of decompensation. See DI 34001.032 (12.00C through H) for a discussion of the "B" criteria. See DI 24505.025C. and DI 24505.025D. for a discussion of the rating scale.

b. Section IIIB - "C" criteria of listings

Section IIIB contains additional functional criteria (paragraph "C" criteria) in listings 12.02, 12.03, 12.04, and 12.06. Use the paragraph "B" criteria first. Use the paragraph "C" criteria in these listings only if the paragraph "B" criteria are not satisfied. See DI 34001.032 (12.00E through G) for a discussion of the "C" criteria.

Check the first block in section IIIB1 when the "B" criteria are not satisfied and the evidence documents a history of a chronic organic mental (12.02), schizophrenic (12.03), or affective (12.04) disorder of at least 2 years' duration that has caused more than a minimal limitation of ability to do any basic work activity. Checking item 1, 2, or 3 satisfies the criteria of these listings. Check Item 1 only if the repeated episodes of decompensation match the description provided in the explanation of the B4 criterion.

Section IIIB1 also contains two additional check blocks. Use the first of these additional blocks if the evidence does not establish the presence of the "C" criteria; that is,

- the evidence does not establish the presence of a chronic disorder; or
- the evidence establishes the presence of a chronic disorder (the first block in IIIB1 is checked), but none of the severity criteria is satisfied. For example: The claimant alleges that due to a chronic schizophrenic impairment, he or she cannot function without the structure and constant support provided by his or her family. However, the evidence reveals that the claimant functions independently except for an occasional need for help to complete some complex activities. Even though the evidence establishes the presence of a chronic impairment, the occasional need for help does not satisfy the severity requirements of any of the "C" criteria.

Check the other additional block if the record contains insufficient evidence to document the presence of the "C" criteria. For example, if the claimant alleges a history of a chronic schizophrenic disorder, but there is insufficient evidence in the file to document the presence of this disorder; or there is evidence to document at least a 2-year history of the disorder, but insufficient evidence to document the presence of any of the three severity criteria. If you check the last block in section IIIB1, provide an explanation in section IV, (Consultant's Notes).

Check the first block in section IIIB2 when the "B" criteria are not satisfied and the evidence establishes the presence of agoraphobia (12.06) resulting in the complete inability to function independently outside the area of one's home. (If this is the case, and the 12.06 "A" criteria are satisfied, the impairment meets listing 12.06.) Check the second block in IIIB2 when the evidence does not establish the complete inability to function independently outside the area of independently outside the area of one's home.

Check the third block in IIIB2 when there is insufficient evidence to establish the complete inability to function outside the area of one's home. In this circumstance, provide an explanation in section IV, Consultant's Notes.

5. Section IV - consultant's notes

Complete this section to clarify or supplement the assessments in sections I, II, or III. For example, if the claimant is able to complete a variety of simple tasks, but you have rated B3 "marked" because the claimant must be constantly supervised, explain this rating in section IV. In addition, record any additional information or explanation necessary to support the medical summary in section I.

I. Procedure - adoption of the initial level PRTF

In reconsideration determinations, you may adopt the initial level PRTF without completing a new PRTF if the evidence does not warrant any change in the initial determination in any way. Enter the following statement in section IV (Consultant's Notes) of the initial level PRTF: "I have reviewed all the evidence in file, and the PRTF of [date] is affirmed as written." This statement must be signed, dated, and annotated with the specialty code by the MC or PC (other than the MC or PC who signed the PRTF for the initial determination).

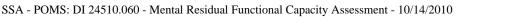
J. Procedure - disposition of Form SSA-2506-BK (PRTF)

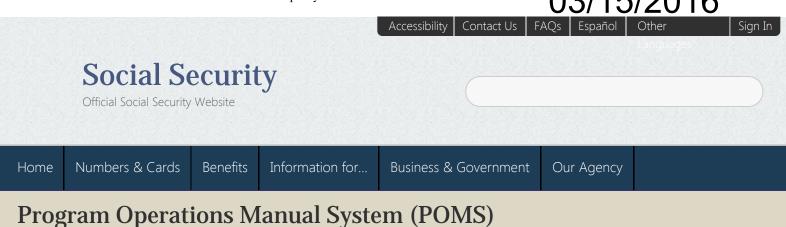
Prong-file the final, signed PRTF on the right side of the folder (in the yellow section of the multi-part folder labeled Medical Records).

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424505025 DI 24505.025 - Evaluation of Mental Impairments - 08/27/2015 Batch run: 08/27/2015 Rev:08/27/2015

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DI 24510.060 Mental Residual Functional Capacity Assessment

A. Operating Policy

1. Special Form

Because of the complexity of mental disorder evaluation, a **special Form SSA-4734-F4-SUP** is to be used to document the mental residual functional capacity (RFC) decision, i.e., what an individual can do despite his /her impairment.

2. Medical Consultant Completion

a. Unfavorable and Partially Favorable Decisions

In decisions that are not fully favorable, only a psychiatrist or psychologist is to perform the analysis and decide the mental functional capacity.

b. Fully Favorable Decisions

In fully favorable determinations, the medical consultant (MC) who completes the mental RFC assessment, to the extent possible, should be a psychiatrist or psychologist.

c. When Physical Impairment Involved

Refer the claim to a physician of the appropriate medical specialty after all mental RFC considerations have been accomplished.

B. Description of Form SSA-4734-F4-SUP

Form SSA-4734-F4-SUP is divided into four sections:

- Heading,
- Section I, Summary Conclusions,
- Section II, Remarks,
- Section III, Functional Capacity Assessment and MC signature.

1. Heading

The Heading provides space to record claimant and claim identification data.

2. Section I

Section I—Summary Conclusions is designed to record the MC's analysis of the evidence and his/her conclusions about:

- the presence and degree of specific functional limitations, and
- the adequacy of documentation.
 - a. Section I is merely a worksheet to aid in deciding the presence and degree of functional limitations and the adequacy of documentation and does not constitute the RFC assessment.
 - b. Twenty mental function items are grouped under four main categories:
 - Understanding and Memory,
 - Sustained Concentration and Persistence,
 - Social Interaction, and
 - Adaptation
 - c. To the right of each of the items is a series of decision checkblocks under the headings:
 - Not Significantly Limited
 - Moderately Limited
 - Markedly Limited
 - No Evidence of Limitation in This Category, and
 - Not Ratable on Available Evidence

3. Section II

Section II - Remarks, provides for discussion of evidence needed to rate particular items in section I.

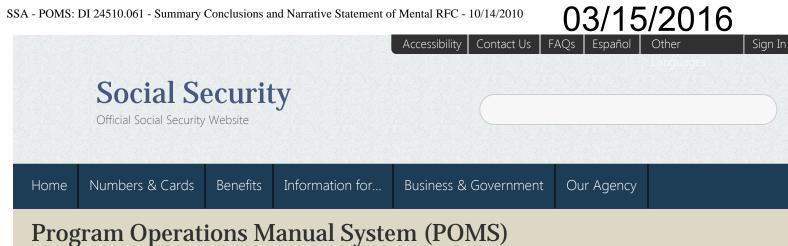
4. Section III

- a. Section III—Functional Capacity Assessment, is for recording the mental RFC determination. It is in this section that the actual mental RFC assessment is recorded, explaining the conclusions indicated in section I, in terms of the extent to which these mental capacities or functions could or could not be performed in work settings.
- b. The discussion of all mental capacities and limitations in this section must be in narrative format.
 The MC must also include any other information that he/she believes is necessary to present a complete picture of mental RFC.
- c. The **Narrative must not** present estimates of capacities for mental functions that **could not be rated** because of insufficient evidence. Such would represent speculation.
- d. The completed SSA-4734-F4-SUP must be signed by the MC who conducted the analysis and prepared the mental RFC assessment.

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424510060 DI 24510.060 - Mental Residual Functional Capacity Assessment - 10/14/2010 Batch run: 10/14/2010 Rev:10/14/2010

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DI 24510.061 Summary Conclusions and Narrative Statement of Mental RFC

A. Introduction

To assure a comprehensive assessment of mental RFC, the SSA-4734-F4-SUP requires the MC **first** to record preliminary conclusions about the effect of the impairment(s) on **each** of **four** general areas of mental function (described in B.1-4 below), **then** to prepare a narrative statement of mental RFC.

B. Operating Policy

The MC is to **analyze each** of the **mental activities** within the following four general mental functional areas and to indicate on the SSA-4734-F4-SUP:

- Whether the evidence is sufficient to permit assessment or, if not, the evidence needed.
- The **extent** to which the individual **can** still **perform** and **sustain** specific mental activities and mental functions.

1. UNDERSTANDING AND MEMORY

- a. **Understanding and memory** can be evaluated through evidence from the mental status examination(s) or from elements of standardized psychological tests (such as IQ tests) that assess the ability to understand and remember, as well as evidence available from other medical and nonmedical sources, e.g., reports of prior work attempts or work evaluations.
- b. The ability to understand and remember may be at least partially assessed through answers to some of the

following questions:

- Is the individual able to complete forms, respond to two or three-step instructions for filling out applications, or follow instructions given by someone?
- Did the individual have difficulty in the process of filing for disability, going for examinations, or remembering appointments?
- Is there any **history of work or school failures** due to inability to remember and understand?
- Was the individual involved in **special education**or **training programs?** (These might indicate some impairment of the ability to understand and remember.)
- Is there any evidence that the claimant **requires supervision** or **assistance** to perform activities of daily living because of problems with understanding or remembering?
- Did the individual **come to appointments without supervision**, finding his/her own way without unusual supervision?

2. SUSTAINED CONCENTRATION AND PERSISTENCE

- a. The individual's ability to sustain ongoing mental performance for a full workday is essential. **These may be** evaluated through:
 - Medical history and reports, and
 - Reports of performance at past work, recent work attempts, recreational or volunteer activities, or vocational evaluations.
- b. Limitations in these areas may be **demonstrated** in typically less demanding settings, such as sheltered work, vocational training, or school (i.e., in any situation demanding performance of tasks requiring concentration or task persistence).
- c. Use care in inferring an individual's ability to sustain the mental demands of work in a competitive setting from his/her performance in a less demanding setting, such as sheltered work.
 NOTE: Discussion with the disability examiner of the performance required in competitive work environments may clarify this distinction.

3. SOCIAL INTERACTION

The items in this subsection deal with socially acceptable behavior and the individual's capacity to relate to others in a work setting. To assess these factors, important considerations are:

- Historical information about interpersonal interactions with others, particularly in an employment or worklike setting.
- Indications, on mental status examinations or psychological testing, of withdrawal, bizarre or unusual behavior, emotional lability, paranoid ideas, or faulty insight and judgment.

03/15/2016 Observed behavior, in terms of how the individual relates to various interviewers or behaves when exposed to a stressful circumstance or situation.

4. ADAPTATION

Adaptive functions reflect the individual's ability to integrate other areas of functioning.

a. The items in this section pertain to the individual's ability to:

- plan,
- respond to changes,
- deal appropriately with mental demands (stress),
- avoid hazards and maintain safe behavior,
- follow rules,
- adhere to schedules and to time constraints, and
- o travel
- b. The area of mental demands of work ("stress") is difficult to assess. Some mentally impaired individuals may be unusually sensitive to changes in their environment and may become anxious, depressed, confused, or even psychotic when confronted with seemingly slight mental demands.

"Stress" is a highly individualized phenomenon and can only be assessed with regard to each individual's experiences and limitations. Even work activities usually considered to entail low stress may produce adverse responses in some individuals.

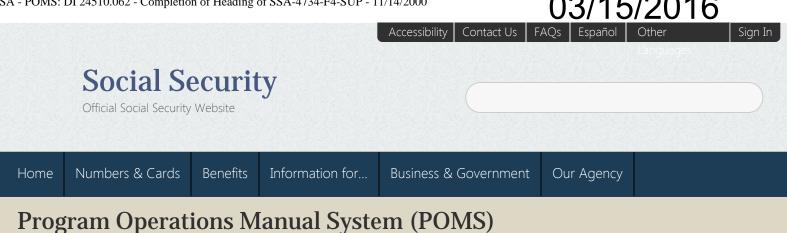
- c. Data in the medical file may demonstrate sensitivity to change, e.g., resistance to try a new activity, treatment or medication, or exacerbation of symptoms when a therapist leaves, changes schedule, or goes on vacation
- d. Most health care settings have rules, schedules, and hazards. Limitations in conforming to acceptable behavior may sometimes emerge in the reports from hospital, or clinics.

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424510061 DI 24510.061 - Summary Conclusions and Narrative Statement of Mental RFC -10/14/2010 Batch run: 10/14/2010 Rev:10/14/2010

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DI 24510.062 Completion of Heading of SSA-4734-F4-SUP

A. Operating Policy

The heading must be completed.

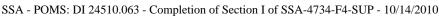
B. Operating Procedure

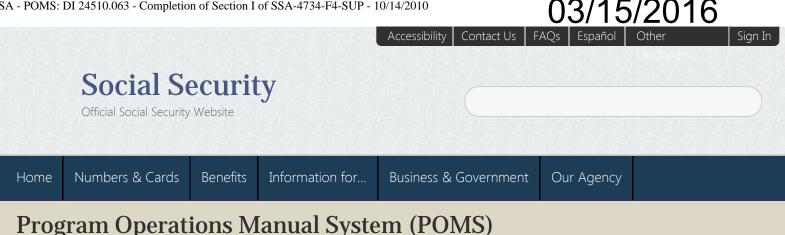
- Obtain this information from the PRTF and the claim folder.
- Insert the individual's name, Social Security Number, categories from section IC of the Psychiatric Review Technique Form (PRTF), and the appropriate period for which the assessment is being made.

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424510062 DI 24510.062 - Completion of Heading of SSA-4734-F4-SUP - 11/14/2000 Batch run: 01/27/2009 Rev: 11/14/2000

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DI 24510.063 Completion of Section I of SSA-4734-F4-SUP

A. Operating Policy

For each of the items under the four headings, A through D, one of the five boxes to the right of each item must be checked.

B. Operating Procedure

Complete Section I by checking the appropriate boxes.

1. Check Box 1

"Not Significantly Limited," when the effects of the mental disorder do not prevent the individual from consistently and usefully performing the activity.

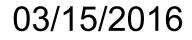
2. Check Box 2

"Moderately Limited," when the evidence supports the conclusion that the individual's capacity to perform the activity is **impaired**.

NOTE: The **degree and extent** of the capacity or **limitation** must be described in narrative format in Section III.

3. Check Box 3

"Markedly Limited," when the evidence supports the conclusion that the individual cannot usefully perform or



sustain the activity.

4. Check Box 4

When there is **no allegation of limitation** of this activity, or the **medical evidence does not indicate limitations** in a particular area and no limitation would be expected, based on the nature of the illness and the rater's clinical experience.

5. Check Box 5

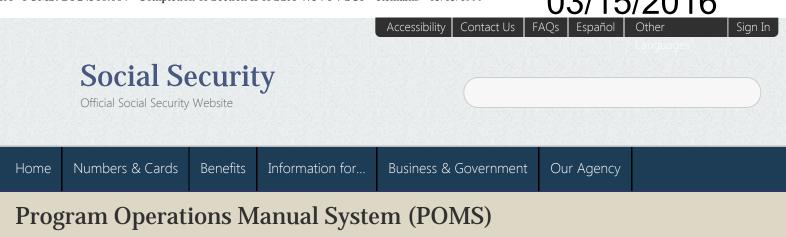
When there is **insufficient evidence** and either a problem in this aspect of work function has been alleged, the evidence suggests a problem, or the MC's clinical judgment suggests the likelihood of a problem. **NOTE:** Absence of a rating (i.e., checking blocks 1, 2, or 3) for one or more items in a subsection in section I **does not automatically preclude** a narrative RFC statement for that subsection. **Other items** in the subsection **may be ratable** and may indicate such a level of functional loss that the disability examiner can conclude that the individual's capacity for work is severely compromised, in spite of the absence of a rating for other items. Discussion with the disability examiner will resolve whether additional information about a subsection is necessary for a useful assessment of mental RFC.

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424510063 DI 24510.063 - Completion of Section I of SSA-4734-F4-SUP - 10/14/2010 Batch run: 10/14/2010 Rev:10/14/2010

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DI 24510.064 Completion of Section II of SSA-4734-F4-SUP - Remarks

A. Introduction

This section is for the identification of any **deficiencies** of evidence, the **type of evidence**needed, and any recommendations of the **source(s)** from which the evidence is to be obtained.

B. Operating Procedure

1. BOX 5 IS CHECKED

- a. When box 5 is checked for several items within a subsection, consider the possibility that the record is inadequate to permit an RFC statement for that subsection.
- b. When this is the case, do not write a functional assessment for that subsection in section III. Instead, write a rationale in section II , explaining why the narrative assessment is missing for that subsection.

2. ADDITIONAL MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT

a. Current evidence is insufficient.

When the evidence in file is insufficient to permit the MC to make assessments of critical mental functional capacities, the MC will record the medical development to be undertaken in section II of the SSA-4734-F4-SUP.

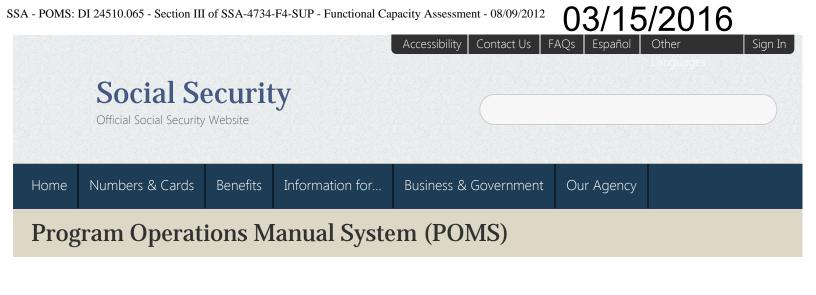
NOTE: In addition to permitting new judgments on items that were not initially ratable, the **new evidence may cause the MC to reconsider judgments on other items**.

- b. Additional evidence Obtained.
 - When **additional medical evidence is obtained**, a **new** SSA-4734-F4-SUP **must be prepared**to replace the preliminary SSA-4734-F4-SUP.
 - The new, signed SSA-4734-F4-SUP is to be filed on the left side of the folder.
 - **Clearly mark**the preliminary SSA-4734-F4-SUP "PRELIMINARY ONLY" on the first page, then **file**on the **right**side of the folder.
 - **Do not file**preliminary SSA-4734-F4-SUP's on the **left** side of the folder.

To Link to this section - Use this URL: http://policy.ssa.gov/poms.nsf/lnx/0424510064 DI 24510.064 - Completion of Section II of SSA-4734-F4-SUP - Remarks - 05/13/1999 Batch run: 01/27/2009 Rev:05/13/1999

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TN 53 (03-97)

DI 24510.065 Section III of SSA-4734-F4-SUP -Functional Capacity Assessment

A. Introduction

Section III is for recording the formal narrative mental RFC assessment and **provides** for the MC to prepare a **narrative statement** for **each** of the subsections (A through D) in section I.

B. Operating Procedure

In preparing the formal narrative statement, the MC is to address each of the four mental categories (Understanding and Memory, Concentration and Persistence, Social Interaction, and Adaptation) by:

- Identifying each mental category in turn; and
- Providing a narrative discussion of the individual's capacities and limitations.

1. Writing the Narrative Statement

- a. **Identify** the subsection (e.g., Understanding and Memory), then **discuss** the **functions** that the individual has demonstrated that he/she **can do**, as well as any **limitations** of those functions.
 - **Describe,** in detail, the mental capacities, limitations, and any other information that is important in the comprehensive expression of mental RFC.
 - Indicate the extent to which the individual could be expected to perform and sustain the activity.
 - Include any additional information or consideration that is necessary to give a clear description of

the individual's mental functional capacity.

Examples:

- The claimant can understand, remember, and carry out a two-step command involving simple instructions.
- The claimant can understand complex instructions but can only recall at a span of two-step commands. The claimant, therefore, would be limited to this span.
- The claimant can understand and remember a four-step command, but the disruption of executive functions is such that he can carry out only a single step before confusing the order.
- b. Record conclusions of functional capacity provided by examining physicians that are appropriate and consistent with the documented medical and nonmedical evidence, along with the supporting findings.
 Confine discussion to the effects of the impairment(s) on function.
- c. **Include no severity ratings** or **nonspecific** qualifying **terms** (e.g., moderate, moderately severe) to describe limitations. Such terms do not describe function and do not usefully convey the extent of capacity limitation.
- d. Offer no opinion as to whether the individual is **disabled** or whether the individual **can** or might perform or **qualify** for **levels** of work (e.g., unskilled) or **specific jobs** (e.g., truck driver).

2. Signature and Date

- a. **After completing** the narrative statement in section III, sign and date the SSA-4734-F4-SUP in the spaces provided.
- b. The MC's name is to be typed or stamped below the signature.

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