WikipediA

List of territorial entities where English is an official language

The following is a list of territories where <u>English</u> is an <u>official language</u>—that is, a <u>language</u> used in citizen interactions with government officials. As of 2019, there were 55 sovereign states and 27 non-sovereign entities where English was an official language. Many <u>country subdivisions</u> have declared English an official language at the local or regional level.

Most states where English is an official language are former territories of the British Empire. Exceptions include Rwanda, which was formerly a Belgian territory; Cameroon, where only part of national territory was under British mandate; and Liberia, the Philippines, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau, which were American territories. English is the sole official language of the Commonwealth of Nations and of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN). English is one of the official languages of the United Nations, the European Union, NAFTA, the African Union, the Organisation of Islamic Cooperation, the Caribbean Community, the Union of South American Nations, and many other international organisations. Although English is de jure not an official language at the national level in the United States, most states and territories within the United States have English as an official language, and only Puerto Rico uses a language other than English as a primary working language.

The <u>United Kingdom</u>, the <u>United States</u>, <u>Australia</u>, and <u>New Zealand</u>, where the overwhelming majority of native English speakers reside, do not have English as an official language $\underline{de\ jure}$, but English is considered their $\underline{de\ facto}$ official language because it dominates in these countries.



Nations in which English is an official language (de facto or de jure). Anglosphere countries are those where English is the main native language.

- Anglosphere
- Official as majority language
- Official as minority language
 - Co-official as majority language
- Co-official as minority language
- Unofficial (but widely spoken as a second language)
- Not official as majority language
- Not official as minority language

Contents

Sovereign states

Non-sovereign entities

Country subdivisions

See also

Footnotes

References



Empire. The names of current British Overseas Territories are underlined in red.

Sovereign states

Countries where English is a de facto official language

Nr	Country	Alpha-3 code	Region	Population	Primary language?
1	Australia Australia	AUS	Oceania	25,019,600	Yes
2	New Zealand ^[1]	NZL	Oceania	4,893,830	Yes
3	United Kingdom	GBR	Europe	66,040,229	Yes
4	United States	USA	North America/Oceania	328,239,523	Yes

Countries where English is a $\underline{\textit{de jure}}$ and $\underline{\textit{de facto}}$ official language

Visited on 10/27/2020

Nr	Country	Alpha-3	Region	Population ¹	Primary language?
1	Antigua and Barbuda ^[2]	code ATG	Caribbean		Yes
2	Antigua and Barbuda Bahamas ^[2]	BHS	Caribbean	85,000 331,000	Yes
3	■ Barbados ^[3]	BRB	Caribbean	294,000	Yes
	Belize ^[4]				
4		BLZ	Central America	288,000	Yes
5	Botswana ^[4]	BWA	Africa	1,882,000	No .
6	Burundi ^[5]	BDI	Africa	10,114,505	No .
7	Cameroon ^[2]	CMR	Africa	22,534,532	No
8	Canada ^[2]	CAN	North America	35,985,751	Yes (except Quebec, northern New Brunswick and Nunavut)
10	Dominica ^[2]	DMA	Caribbean	73,000	Yes
11	Eswatini ^[2]	SWZ	Africa	1,141,000	No Vec (used as lingua france, mostly and widely speken, educational
12	Fiji ²	FJI	Oceania	828,000	Yes (used as lingua franca, mostly and widely spoken, educational, commerce, and government)
13	Gambia ^[2]	GMB	Africa	1,709,000	No
14	Ghana ^[2]	GHA	Africa	27,000,000	Yes (used as lingua franca)
15	Grenada ^[2]	GRD	Caribbean	111,000	Yes (except for small French Creole population)
16	<mark>Suyana</mark> Guyana	GUY	South America	738,000	Yes
17	India ^{[4][7]}	IND	Asia	1,247,540,000	No (but official and educational)
18	■ Ireland ^{[8][9]}	IRL	Europe	4,900,000	Yes (Irish is co-official)
19	Jamaica ^[10]	JAM	Caribbean	2,714,000	Yes
20	Kenya ^[2]	KEN	Africa	45,010,056	Yes (in business and education)
21	Kiribati ^[2]	KIR	Oceania	95,000	No
22	Lesotho ^[2]	LSO	Africa	2,008,000	No
23	Liberia ^[2]	LBR	Africa	3,750,000	Yes
24	Malawi ^[11]	MWI	Africa	16,407,000	No
25	Malta ^[2]	MLT	Europe	430,000	No (but official and in business / education)
26	Marshall Islands ^[2]	MHL	Oceania	59,000	No
27	Mauritius ^[2]	MUS	Africa / Indian Ocean	1,262,000	No
28	Micronesia ^[2]	FSM	Oceania	110,000	No
29	Namibia ^[2]	NAM	Africa	2,074,000	No (used as lingua franca)
30	Nauru ^[12]	NRU	Oceania	10,000	No (but widely spoken)
31	Nigeria ^{[2][13]}	NGA	Africa	182,202,000	Yes (used as lingua franca)
33	Pakistan ^[2]	PAK	Asia	212,742,631	No (but official and educational)
34	Palau ^[4]	PLW	Oceania	20,000	No
35	Papua New Guinea ^{[14][15]}	PNG	Oceania	7,059,653	Yes
36	Philippines ^{[2][16]17}	PHL	Asia	102,885,100	Yes (co-official with Filipino)
37	Rwanda ^[2]	RWA	Africa	11,262,564	No (but official and educational)
38	Saint Kitts and Nevis ^[17]	KNA	Caribbean	50,000	Yes
39	Saint Lucia ^[2]	LCA	Caribbean	165,000	Yes
40	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines ^[18]	VCT	Caribbean	120,000	Yes
41	Samoa ^[19]	WSM	Oceania	188,000	No
42	✓ Seychelles ^[2]	SYC	Africa / Indian Ocean	87,000	No
43	Sierra Leone ^[2]	SLE	Africa	6,190,280	Yes
44	Singapore ^[20]	SGP	Asia	5,469,700 ^[21]	Yes (used as lingua franca, mostly and widely spoken, and educational)
45	Solomon Islands ^[2]	SLB	Oceania	507,000	No
45 46	Solomon Islands ^[2] South Africa ^[22]	SLB ZAF	Oceania Africa	507,000 54,956,900	No Yes (and official, educational and <u>lingua franca</u> in <u>formal economy</u>)

Visited on	10/27/2020
------------	------------

47	South Sudan [23]	SSD	Africa	12,340,000	No
48	Sudan ^[2]	SDN	Africa	40,235,000	No
49	Tanzania ^[2]	TZA	Africa	51,820,000	No
50	Tonga ^[24]	TON	Oceania	100,000	No
51	Trinidad and Tobago ^[2]	тто	Caribbean	1,333,000	Yes
52	Tuvalu ^[4]	TUV	Oceania	11,000	No
53	Uganda ^[2]	UGA	Africa	37,873,253	No (but official and educational) ^[25]
54	Vanuatu ^[26]	VUT	Oceania	226,000	No
55	Zambia ^[2]	ZMB	Africa	16,212,000	No
56	<u>Zimbabwe</u> ^[2]	ZWE	Africa	13,061,239	No (used as <u>lingua franca</u>)

Countries where English is a *de facto* official, but not primary language

		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Nr	Country	Region	Population ¹		
1	<u>Bahrain</u> [27][28]	Asia / Middle East	1,378,000		
2	Bangladesh ^[29]	Asia	150,039,000		
3	Brunei ^[30]	Asia	415,717		
4	Cambodia ^[31]	Asia	15,288,489		
5	Cyprus ^[32]	Europe, Asia / Middle East	1,141,166		
6	Eritrea ^[2]	Africa	6,234,000		
7	Ethiopia ^[2]	Africa	85,000,000		
8	srael [33][34][35]	Asia / Middle East	8,051,200		
9	Jordan ^[36]	Asia / Middle East	9,882,401		
10	Kuwait ^[37]	Asia / Middle East	4,348,395		
11	Malaysia ^[38]	Asia	30,018,242		
12	Maldives ^[39]	Asia	427,756		
13	Myanmar ^[40]	Asia	51,486,253		
14	Oman ^[41]	Asia / Middle East	4,424,762		
15	Qatar ^[42]	Asia / Middle East	2,675,522		
16	Sri Lanka ^{[43][44]}	Asia	20,277,597		
17	United Arab Emirates [45]	Asia / Middle East	5,779,760		

Non-sovereign entities

Non-sovereign entities where English is a de jure official language

Entity	Region	Population ¹	Primary language?
Akrotiri and Dhekelia	Europe	15,700	No
✓ American Samoa ¹¹	Oceania	67,700	Yes (along with <u>Samoan</u>)
Anguilla ^[2]	Caribbean	13,101	Yes
Bermuda ^{9[2]}	North America	65,000	Yes
™ ₃ British Virgin Islands ^[2]	Caribbean	23,000	Yes
™ Cayman Islands ^[4]	Caribbean	47,000	Yes
Cook Islands [2]14	Oceania	20,000	Yes
Curaçao ^[46]	Caribbean	150,563	No
Falkland Islands	South Atlantic	3,000	Yes
Gibraltar ^[2]	Europe	33,000	Yes
Guam ⁴	Oceania	173,000	Yes
₩ Hong Kong ^{2[2]}	Asia	7,097,600	No (but de facto co-official with Cantonese)
Isle of Man ⁸	Europe	80,058	Yes
<u> </u>	Europe	89,300	Yes
Niue ^{[2]14}	Oceania	1,600	No
■▲■ Norfolk Island ^[2]	Australia	1,828	Yes
Northern Mariana Islands ⁷	Oceania	53,883	No
Pitcairn Islands 13[2]	Oceania	50	Yes
Puerto Rico ³	Caribbean	3,991,000	No (co-official with <u>Spanish</u> as the primary language)
Rotuma	Oceania		No
Sint Maarten[47]	Caribbean	40,900	Yes
Turks and Caicos Islands [2]	Caribbean	26,000	Yes
₩ U.S. Virgin Islands ⁵	Caribbean	111,000	Yes

Non-sovereign entities where English is a de facto official language

Entity	Region	Population ¹
British Indian Ocean Territory	Indian Ocean	3,000
Guernsey ¹⁰	Europe	61,811
Montserrat ^[2]	Caribbean	5,900
Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha	South Atlantic	5,660

Non-sovereign entities where English is a *de facto* official, but not primary, language

Entity	Region	Population ¹
Christmas Island 12[2]	Australia	1,508
Cocos (Keeling) Islands 16[2]	Australia	596
Tokelau ^[48]	Oceania	1,400

Country subdivisions

In these country subdivisions, English has $de\ jure$ official status, but English is not official in their respective countries at the national level.

List of territorial entities where English is an official language - Wikipedia Visited on 10/27/2020

Country subdivisions where English is a *de jure* official language

Subdivision	Country	Region	Population
X Alabama ^[49]	United States	North America	4,833,722
Alaska ^[50]	United States	North America	735,132
Arizona ^[51]	United States	North America	6,626,624
Arkansas ^[49]	United States	North America	2,959,373
California ^[49]	United States	North America	38,332,521
Colorado ^[49]	United States	North America	5,268,367
X Florida ^[49]	United States	North America	21,299,325
Georgia ^[49]	United States	North America	10,519,475
Hawaii ^[49]	United States	Oceania	1,404,054
Idaho ^[49]	United States	North America	1,612,136
Illinois ^[49]	United States	North America	12,882,135
Indiana ^[49]	United States	North America	6,570,902
lowa ^[49]	United States	North America	3,090,416
Kansas ^[49]	United States	North America	2,893,957
Kentucky ^[49]	United States	North America	4,395,295
Massachusetts ^[52]	United States	North America	6,794,422
Mississippi ^[49]	United States	North America	2,991,207
Missouri ^[49]	United States	North America	6,083,672
Montana ^[49]	United States	North America	1,015,165
Nebraska ^[49]	United States	North America	1,868,516
New Hampshire ^[49]	United States	North America	1,323,459
North Carolina ^[49]	United States	North America	9,848,060
North Dakota ^[49]	United States	North America	723,393
Northern Ireland ^[53]	United Kingdom	Europe	1,876,695
Oklahoma ^[54]	United States	North America	3,850,568
North Caribbean Coast Autonomous Region ^[55]	Nicaragua	Central America	480,874
South Caribbean Coast Autonomous Region [56]	Nicaragua Nicaragua	Central America	385,102
Saba ^[57]	Netherlands	Caribbean	1,991
San Andrés y Providencia ^[58]	Colombia	South America	75,167
Sarawak ^{[59][60][61]}	Malaysia	Asia	2,471,140
Scotland ^[62]	United Kingdom	Europe	5,424,800
Sint Eustatius ^[57]	Netherlands	Caribbean	3,897
South Carolina ^[49]	United States	North America	4,774,839
South Dakota ^[49]	United States	North America	844,877
Tennessee ^[49]	United States	North America	6,495,978
Utah ^[49]	United States	North America	2,900,872
<u> </u>	United States	North America	8,260,405
Wales ^[63]	United Kingdom	Europe	3,125,000
West Virginia ^[64]	United States	North America	1,844,128
Wyoming ^[49]	United States	North America	582,658

See also

- Anglo-America
- Commonwealth of Nations
- British Overseas Territories
- English-speaking world

- Visited on 10/27/2020
- List of countries by English-speaking population
- British Empire

Footnotes

- ^1 The population figures are based on the sources in List of countries by population, with information as of 23 January 2009 (UN estimates, et al.), and refer to the population of the country and not necessarily to the number of inhabitants that speak English in the country in question.
- ^2 Hong Kong is a former British Crown colony (1843-1981) and British Dependent Territory (1981-1997); it is currently a Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China (1997- present)
- ^3 Puerto Rico is, historically and culturally, connected to the Spanish-speaking Caribbean; Spanish is also an official language on the island. Puerto Rico is an unincorporated United States territory referred to as a "Commonwealth"
- ^4 Guam is an organized unincorporated territory of the United States
- ^5 The US Virgin Islands is an insular area of the United States
- **^6** Jersey is a British Crown dependency
- 7 The Northern Mariana Islands is a commonwealth in political union with the United States
- ^8 Isle of Man is a British Crown dependency
- **^9** Bermuda is a British Overseas Territory
- ^10 Guernsey is a British Crown dependency
- ^11 American Samoa is an unincorporated U.S. territory
- ^12 Christmas Island is an external territory of Australia
- ^13 Pitcairn Islands is a British Overseas Territory
- ^14 The Cook Islands and Niue are associated states of New Zealand that lack general recognition.
- ^16 Cocos (Keeling) Islands is an external territory of Australia

References

1. New Zealand Government (21 December 2007). International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Fifth Periodic Report of the Government of New Zealand (https://web.archive.org/web/20150124193521/http://mfat.govt.nz/do ICCPR-report.pdf) (PDF) (Report). p. 89. Archived from the original (http://www.mfat.govt.nz/downloads/humanrights/5th-ICCPRreport.pdf) (PDF) on 24 January 2015. Retrieved 21 April 2015. "In addition to the Māori language, New Zealand Sign Language is also an official language of New Zealand. The New Zealand Sign Language Act 2006 permits the use of NZSL in legal proceedings, facilitates competency standards for its interpretation and guides government departments in its promotion and use. English, the medium for teaching and learning in most schools, is a de facto official language by virtue of its widespread use. For these

reasons, these three languages have special mention in the New

- 2. Official language; "Field Listing -Languages" (https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-worldfactbook/fields/2098.html). The World Factbook. Central Intelligence Agency. Retrieved 2009-01-11.
- "Society" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090213230116/http://barba Government Information Service (Barbados). Archived from the original (http://www.barbados.gov.bb/society.htm) on 2009-02-13. Retrieved 2009-01-18.
- 4. English usage; "Field Listing -

Zealand Curriculum."

- Languages" (https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-worldfactbook/fields/2098.html). The World Factbook. Central Intelligence Agency. Retrieved 2009-01-11.
- 5. "English is now official language of Burundi" (http://www.iwacuburundi.org/englishnews/english-is-now-official-language-ofburundi/). IWACU English News. 17 July 2014. Retrieved 17 December 2016.
- "National
 - Profile" (https://web.archive.org/web/20080820045506/http://gina.gov Government Information Agency (Guyana). Archived from the original (http://www.gina.gov.gy/natprofile/gnprof.html) on 2008-08-20. Retrieved 2009-01-18.
- 7. N. Krishnaswamy; Lalitha Krishnaswamy (6 January 2006). "3.14 English Becomes a Second Language" (https://books.google.com/books? id=mBpFLdcEG7IC&pg=PA103). The story of English in India
- (https://books.google.com/books?id=mBpFLdcEG7IC). Foundation Books. ISBN 978-81-7596-312-2.
- The Constitution (http://www.taoiseach.gov.ie/eng/Historical_Information/The_Constitution)

- 9. "Archived
 - copy" (https://web.archive.org/web/20160106183351/http://ec.euror (PDF). Archived from the original (http://ec.europa.eu/public opinion/archives/ebs/ebs 386 en.pdf)
- (PDF) on 2016-01-06. Retrieved 2013-01-02.
- 10. The Constitution of Jamaica (http://pdba.georgetown.edu/Constitutions/Jamaica/jam62.html) (section 20(6e)? implicit)
- 11. Malawi Investment Promotion Agency (August 2005). "Opportunities for investment and Trade in Malawi? the Warm
 - Africa" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090225085932/http://www.m 27S%20GUIDE%20TO%20MALAWI.doc). Government of Malawi. Archived from the original
 - (http://www.malawi.gov.mw/investments/INVESTOR%27S% 20GUIDE%20TO%20MALAWI.doc) on 2009-02-25. Retrieved
- 12. "Nauru" (http://www.mfat.govt.nz/Countries/Pacific/Nauru.php). New Zealand Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade. 2008-12-03. Retrieved 2009-01-18. English and Nauruan are official.
- "Country profile: Nigeria" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/africa/country_profiles/1064557
- BBC News. April 30, 2008. Retrieved November 10, 2008.
- "General Information on Papua New Guinea" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090131205730/http://www.j Papua New Guinea Tourism Promotion Authority. Archived from the original
 - (http://www.pngtourism.org.pg/png/export/sites/TPA/ForTheTravelle on January 31, 2009. Retrieved 2009-01-18.
- 15. "Country profile: Papua New Guinea" (http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/asia
 - pacific/country_profiles/1246074.stm). BBC News. 2008-11-28.
- "Constitution of the Republic of the Philippines, Article XIV" (http://www.chanrobles.com/article14language.htm) Chanrobles Law Library. 1987. Retrieved October 27, 2007. (See Article XIV, Section 7)
- 17. "Primary
 - Schools" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090103042228/http://www cultem=609&mp=1). Government of St Christopher (St Kitts) and Nevis. Archived from the original (http://www.gov.kn/content.asp? cultem=609&mp=1) on 2009-01-03. Retrieved 2009-01-18.
- 18. "St. Vincent and the Grenadines Profile" (https://web.archive.org/web/20101112181635/http://www.g option=com_content&view=article&id=13&Itemid=101). Agency for Public Information (Saint Vincent and the Grenadines). Archived from the original (http://www.gov.vc/index.php? option=com_content&view=article&id=13&Itemid=101) on 2010-11-12. Retrieved 2011-06-18.

List of territorial entities where English is an official language - Wikipedia

Visited on 10/27/2020

- 19. "Legislations: List of Acts and Ordinances" (https://web.archive.org/web/20061001221522/http://www.sel=con). The Parliament of Samoa. Archived from the original (http://www.parliament.gov.ws/legislations.cfm?sel=con) on October 1, 2006. Retrieved 2009-01-18. Languages for official legislation are Samoan and English.
- 20. Wong, Aline (2000-11-24). "Education in a Multicultural Setting The Singapore Experience" (https://web.archive.org/web/20080504182452/http://www.Ministry of Education, Government of Singapore. Archived from the original (http://www.moe.gov.sg/media/speeches/2000/sp24112000_print.htr on 2008-05-04. Retrieved 2009-01-18. "There are four official languages: English, Chinese, Malay and Tamil."
- 21. "Statistics Singapore Latest Data Population (Mid-Year Estimates)" (https://web.archive.org/web/20141105202002/http://www.Statistics Singapore. June 2014. Archived from the original (http://www.singstat.gov.sg/statistics/latest_data.html#14) on 5 November 2014. Retrieved 3 November 2014.
- 22. "Constitution of the Republic of South Africa" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090116012952/http://www.conweb/ch1.html). Constitutional Court of South Africa. Archived from the original (http://www.concourt.gov.za/site/constitution/english-web/ch1.html) on 2009-01-16. Retrieved 2009-01-11.
- 23. "The Constitution of Southern Sudan" (http://www.gurtong.net/LinkClick.aspx? fileticket=IOqRv9hqgv8%3D&tabid=345). Southern Sudan Civil Society Initiative. Retrieved 2011-07-09.
- 24. Kingdom of Tonga (March 2008). "The United Nations / Universal Periodic Review by the United Nations Human Rights
 Council" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090125103242/http://pmo.goto-gov-mainmenu-26/tonga-a-the-world-mainmenu-72/the-united-nations-mainmenu-126.html). Archived from the original (http://www.pmo.gov.to/guide-to-gov-mainmenu-26/tonga-a-the-world-mainmenu-72/the-united-nations-mainmenu-126.html) on January 25, 2009. Retrieved 2009-01-18. English and Tongan are listed as official.
- 25. "East Africa Living Encyclopedia" (http://www.africa.upenn.edu/NEH/uhome.htm). The University of Pennsylvania African Studies Center.
- 26. "Constitution of the Republic of Vanuatu" (https://web.archive.org/web/20090124133359/http://vanuatu Government of the Republic of Vanuatu. 1980. Archived from the original (http://www.vanuatugovernment.gov.vu/government/library/constitution 2009-01-24. Retrieved 2009-01-18.
- 27. "Bahrain: Languages" (http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/49072/Bah Britannica Online. Retrieved June 7, 2017.
- 28. "Living in Bahrain" (https://web.archive.org/web/20120624205759/http://www.b.action=category&id=132). BSB. Archived from the original (http://www.britishschoolbahrain.com/default.asp? action=category&id=132) on June 24, 2012. Retrieved June 7, 2017.
- 29. "[T]eaching of English continued in primary, secondary and tertiary level not because it was the official language but it became the language of trade and commerce. Over the years, the prominence of English continued to rise. ... English language is dominantly present in every side of our national life while on the other hand in our constitution it is clearly declared that the language of the country is Bengali. In fact, nothing is said about the status of English language in our constitution. On one hand, economic activities in the private companies are carried out in English while there is a government law (Bengali procholon ain 1987) that government offices must use Bengali in their official works. So from the government point of view Bengali is the national-official language of Bangladesh and English is the most important foreign language. But in reality English is the second language of the country and in many places English is more important than Bengali in Bangladesh." https://www.scribd.com/doc/53272796/Sucess-of-English-language-in-Bangladesh-rec

- English is a "Statutory national working language." Lewis, M. Paul, Gary F. Simons, and Charles D. Fennig (eds.). 2013. "Brunei."
 Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Seventeenth edition. Dallas, Texas: SIL International. Online edition: https://www.ethnologue.com/country/BN Accessed 30 March 2014.
- English Language and its Education in Cambodia, a Country in Transition, Koji Igawa (https://www.shitennoji.ac.jp/ibu/images/toshokan/kiyo46-20.pdf).
 (PDF) . Retrieved on 6 February 2020.
- 32. Ammon, Ulrich; Dittmar, Norbert; Mattheier, Klaus J.; Trudgill, Peter, eds. (2006). "Greece and Cyprus". <u>Sociolinguistics: an international handbook of the science of language and society / Soziolinguistik: ein internationales Handbuch zur Wissenschaft von Sprache und Gesellschaft (https://books.google.com/books?id=LMZm0w0k1c4C). Handbooks of linguistics and communication science / Handbucher zur Sprach- und Kommunikationswissenschaft. 3 (2nd ed.). Berlin: Walter de Gruyter. pp. 1881?1889. ISBN 9783110184181.</u>
- 33. Spolsky, Bernard (1999). <u>Round Table on Language and Linguistics</u> (https://books.google.com/books? id=ljumbfV_7y0C&pg=PA169). Washington, D.C.: Georgetown University Press. pp. 169–70. <u>ISBN 0-87840-132-6</u>. "In 1948, the newly independent state of Israel took over the old British regulations that had set English, Arabic, and Hebrew as official languages for Mandatory Palestine but, as mentioned, dropped English from the list. In spite of this, official language use has maintained a de facto role for English, after Hebrew but before Arabic."
- 34. Bat-Zeev Shyldkrot, Hava (2004). "Part I: Language and Discourse" (https://books.google.com/books?
 id=xMzx6xFB0lgC&pg=PA90). In Diskin Ravid, Dorit; Bat-Zeev Shyldkrot, Hava (eds.). Perspectives on Language and Development: Essays in Honor of Ruth A. Berman. Kluwer Academic Publishers. p. 90. ISBN 1-4020-7911-7. "English is not considered official but it plays a dominant role in the educational and public life of Israeli society. [...] It is the language most widely used in commerce, business, formal papers, academia, and public interactions, public signs, road directions, names of buildings, etc. English behaves 'as if' it were the second and official language in Israel."
- 35. Shohamy, Elana (2006). Language Policy: Hidden Agendas and New Approaches (https://books.google.com/books?
 id=5mG09P64jzYC&pg=PA72). Routledge. pp. 72?73.
 ISBN 0-415-32864-0. "In terms of English, there is no connection between the declared policies and statements and de facto practices. While English is not declared anywhere as an official language, the reality is that it has a very high and unique status in Israel. It is the main language of the academy, commerce, business, and the public space."
- 36. "English, though without official status, is widely spoken throughout the country and is the de facto language of commerce and banking, as well as a co-official status in the education sector; almost all university-level classes are held in English and almost all public schools teach English along with Standard Arabic." de Gruyter, Walter (2006). Sociolinguistics: An International Handbook of the Science of Language and Society (https://books.google.com/books?
 id=LMZm0w0k1c4C&pg=PA1921). Ulrich Ammon. p. 1921.
 ISBN 9783110184181. Retrieved June 7, 2017.
- "English is widely spoken. It is used in business and is a compulsory second language in schools." "Kuwait Guide" (http://www.commisceo-global.com/country-guides/kuwaitguide). Commisceo Global. Retrieved June 7, 2017.
- 38. "English remains an active second language, and serves as the medium of instruction for maths and sciences in all public schools. Malaysian English, also known as Malaysian Standard English, is a form of English derived from British English. Malaysian English is widely used in business, along with Manglish, which is a colloquial form of English with heavy Malay, Chinese, and Tamil influences. The government discourages the misuse of Malay and has instituted fines for public signs that mix Malay and English." "About Malaysia:Language" (https://web.archive.org/web/20131109071044 malaysia?subCatld=3208956&type=2&categoryld=3208945). My Government: The Government of Malaysia's Official Portal. Archived from the original (https://www.malaysia.gov.my/en/aboutmalaysia?subCatld=3208956&type=2&categoryld=3208945) on 9 November 2013. Retrieved 30 March 2014.

Visited on 10/27/2020

- 39. "Other languages spoken in Maldives include English, which is also recognized as the second main language. Initially, Dhivehi was used as the medium of teaching in schools, but the need to promote higher education led to the conversion of syllabus in English. Now, English is widely spoken by the locals of Maldives." "Maldives Languages" (http://maldives.tourism-srilanka.com/traveltips/language.html). Retrieved Feb 2, 2017.
- Lintner, Bertil (2003), "Myanmar/Burma", in MacKerras, Colin, Ethnicity in Asia, Routledge, ISBN 0-415-25816-2
- 11. Kharusi, N. S.; Salman, A. (September 2011). The English Transliteration of Place Names in Oman.
- Baker, Colin; Jones, Sylvia Prys (1998). <u>Encyclopedia of Bilingualism and Bilingual Education</u>
 (https://books.google.com/books?id=YgtSqB9oqDIC). Multilingual Matters. p. 429. ISBN 978-1853593628.
- English is a "De facto national working language, used in government." Lewis, M. Paul, Gary F. Simons, and Charles D. Fennig (eds.). 2013. "Sri Lanka." <u>Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Seventeenth edition.</u> Dallas, Texas: <u>SIL International</u>. Online edition: https://www.ethnologue.com/country/LK Accessed 30 March 2014.
- 14. Under the constitution of 1978, Sinhala and Tamil are the official languages of Sri Lanka, but English is "the link language." Any person is entitled "to receive communications from, and to communicate and transact business with, any official in his official capacity" in English, to receive an English translation of "any official register, record, publication or other document," and "to communicate and transact business in English." English translations must be made for "all laws and subordinate legislation," "all Orders, Proclamations, rules, by-laws, regulations and notifications." "THE CONSTITUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA: Chapter
 IV" (https://web.archive.org/web/20030203101808/http://www.priu.gc 1978. Archived from the original (http://www.priu.gov.lk/Cons/1978Constitution/Chapter_04_Amd.htm 59. on 2003-02-03. Retrieved 30 March 2014.
- Hanani, Fatiha (December 2009). <u>Impact of English on Young Arabs' Use of Arabic in the UAE</u>
 (https://dspace.aus.edu/xmlui/handle/11073/75) (Master of Arts thesis). American University of Sharjah.
- 46. "LANDSVERORDENING van de 28ste maart 2007 houdende vaststelling van de officiele talen (Landsverordening officiele talen)" (http://decentrale.regelgeving.overheid.nl/cvdr/XHTMLoutput/. (in Dutch). Government of the Netherlands. Retrieved 21 August 2013
- 47. According to Art. 1 para 2. Constitution of Sint Maarten
 (http://www.sxmparliament.org/images/staatsregeling.engels.constitu
 Archived
 (https://web.archive.org/web/20140310123816/http://www.sxmparliau
 2014-03-10 at the Wayback Machine: "The official languages are
 Dutch and English"
- 18. "Associated Countries and External Territories:

 Tokelau" (https://web.archive.org/web/20140324184730/http://secret
 Commonwealth Secretariat. Archived from the original
 (http://secretariat.thecommonwealth.org/YearbookInternal/140411/14
 on 24 March 2014. Retrieved 20 March 2014.
- Crawford, James (June 24, 2008). "Language Legislation in the U.S.A." (http://www.languagepolicy.net/archives/langleg.htm) languagepolicy.net. Retrieved April 27, 2011.

- "Alaska Supreme Court Upholds State's Official English Law" (http://goliath.ecnext.com/coms2/gi_0199-7143968/Alaska-Supreme-Court-Upholds-State.html). Business Wire. November 5, 2007. Retrieved April 28, 2011.
- 51. "Arizona makes English official" (http://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2006/nov/08/20061 115125-7910r/). Washington Times. November 8, 2006. Retrieved April 28, 2011.
- 52. "Archived copy" (https://web.archive.org/web/20160320113624/https://proeng english/state-profiles.html). Archived from the original (https://proenglish.org/official-english/state-profiles.html) on 2016-03-20. Retrieved 2016-03-18.
- 53. De jure language of legal proceedings; for other official purposes, de facto.
- 54. Slipke, Darla (November 3, 2010). "Oklahoma elections:
 Republican-backed measures win
 approval" (http://newsok.com/article/3510853). NewsOK. The
 Oklahoman. Retrieved April 28, 2011.
- 55. Spanish Wikipedia Región autónoma de la Costa Caribe Norte (https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regi%C3%B3n_aut%C3% B3noma de la Costa Caribe Norte)
- Spanish Wikipedia Región autónoma de la Costa Caribe Sur (https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regi%C3%B3n_aut%C3% B3noma_de_la_Costa_Caribe_Sur)
- 57. English can be used in relations with the government "Invoeringswet openbare lichamen Bonaire, Sint Eustatius en Saba" (http://wetten.overheid.nl/BWBR0028063/tekst_bevat_taal% 2Bin%2Bhet%2Bbestuurlijk%2Bverkeer/geldigheidsdatum_14-10-2012) (in Dutch). wetten.nl. Retrieved 2012-10-14.
 - "Consulta de la
 Norma" (http://www.alcaldiabogota.gov.co/sisjur/normas/Norma1.js
 i=2780). alcaldiabogota.gov.co.
 - D. "Sarawak makes English official language along with BM" (http://www.themalaymailonline.com/malaysia/article/sarawak-makes-english-official-language-along-with-bm). themalaymailonline.com.
- 60. "Sarawak to recognise English as official language besides

 Bahasa

 Malaysia" (https://web.archive.org/web/20160305082141/http://www
 to-recognise-english-as-official-language-besides-bahasamalaysia/). BorneoPost Online Borneo, Malaysia, Sarawak Daily
 News. Archived from the original
 (http://www.theborneopost.com/2015/11/18/sarawak-to-recogniseenglish-as-official-language-besides-bahasa-malaysia/) on 201603-05.
- "Sarawak adopts English as official language" (http://www.thesundaily.my/news/1615945). thesundaily.my.
- 62. Scottish Government. "Scottish Facts and Information" (http://www.scotland.org/about-scotland/facts-about-scotland). Scotland.org. Retrieved March 19, 2014.
- National Assembly for Wales (2012). "National Assembly for Wales (Official Languages) Act
 2012" (http://www.legislation.gov.uk/anaw/2012/1/contents/enacted Legislation.gov.uk. Retrieved March 19, 2014.
- 64. "West Virginia is the 32nd State to pass Official English" (https://proenglish.org/2016/03/05/west-virginia-is-the-32nd-state-to-pass-official-english/). Pro English. March 5, 2016. Retrieved March 28, 2017.

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=List_of_territorial_entities_where_English_is_an_official_language&oldid=985615507"

This page was last edited on 26 October 2020, at 23:00 (UTC).

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.